Please provide the following information, and submit to the NOAA DM Plan Repository.

Reference to Master DM Plan (if applicable)

As stated in Section IV, Requirement 1.3, DM Plans may be hierarchical. If this DM Plan inherits provisions from a higher-level DM Plan already submitted to the Repository, then this more-specific Plan only needs to provide information that differs from what was provided in the Master DM Plan.

URL of higher-level DM Plan (if any) as submitted to DM Plan Repository:

1. General Description of Data to be Managed

1.1. Name of the Data, data collection Project, or data-producing Program:
Sablefish GI microbiome & histology - Incorporating Gastrointestinal Microbiome Analysis into Fish Nutritional Assessments

1.2. Summary description of the data:
Sustainable culture of sablefish (Anoplopoma fimbria) is an active research area at NWFSC, with a primary objective of rearing a human food source under healthy, economic, and sustainable conditions. Development of sustainable feed for juvenile fish through replacement of marine fish oils is key for economic and ecological viability of sablefish culture.

This project intends to analyze the GI microbiome of juvenile sablefish, comparing three feeds (corn oil, linseed oil, BioOregon BioBrood) used in a National Marine Aquaculture Initiative (NMAI)-funded project examining the effects of substitute lipids on growth, production composition, and lipid bioconversion. Community DNA from GI mucus and luminal contents will be extracted, quantified, and quality checked. DNA will be submitted for analysis by a microbial phylogenetic microarray bearing over a million probes for classifying more than 59,000 bacterial taxa. Second Genome, a company with exclusive licensing for this phylogenetic microarray, will conduct the analysis for classification, relative abundance, and ordination. Complementary to microbiome analysis, morphological changes in gastrointestinal tissues will be assessed for each fish by light microscopic histology (collaboration with Mark Myers). Although this is a stand-alone project, the objective is for the microbiome approach to become an integral component of finfish nutrition research.

Raw & refined classification & abundance data from array analysis & histology analysis.

1.3. Is this a one-time data collection, or an ongoing series of measurements?
One-time data collection

1.4. Actual or planned temporal coverage of the data:
2012-05-01 to 2013-04-30

1.5. Actual or planned geographic coverage of the data:
1.6. Type(s) of data:  
(e.g., digital numeric data, imagery, photographs, video, audio, database, tabular data, etc.)
Table (digital)

1.7. Data collection method(s):  
(e.g., satellite, airplane, unmanned aerial system, radar, weather station, moored buoy, research vessel, autonomous underwater vehicle, animal tagging, manual surveys, enforcement activities, numerical model, etc.)

1.8. If data are from a NOAA Observing System of Record, indicate name of system:  
1.8.1. If data are from another observing system, please specify:  

2. Point of Contact for this Data Management Plan (author or maintainer)  
2.1. Name:  
Northwest Fisheries Science Center (NWFSC)

2.2. Title:  
Metadata Contact

2.3. Affiliation or facility:  
Northwest Fisheries Science Center (NWFSC)

2.4. E-mail address:  
nmfs.nwfsc.metadata@noaa.gov

2.5. Phone number:  
206-860-3200

3. Responsible Party for Data Management  
Program Managers, or their designee, shall be responsible for assuring the proper management of the data produced by their Program. Please indicate the responsible party below.

3.1. Name:  
Linda D Rhodes

3.2. Title:  
Data Steward

4. Resources  
Programs must identify resources within their own budget for managing the data they produce.

4.1. Have resources for management of these data been identified?
4.2. Approximate percentage of the budget for these data devoted to data management (specify percentage or "unknown"): 
10

5. Data Lineage and Quality
NOAA has issued Information Quality Guidelines for ensuring and maximizing the quality, objectivity, utility, and integrity of information which it disseminates.

5.1. Processing workflow of the data from collection or acquisition to making it publicly accessible 
(describe or provide URL of description):
Lineage Statement:
sample signals are standardized before comparisons

5.1.1. If data at different stages of the workflow, or products derived from these data, are subject to a separate data management plan, provide reference to other plan:

5.2. Quality control procedures employed (describe or provide URL of description):
Process & sample negative controls included; sample concentrations adjusted to a standard range

6. Data Documentation
The EDMC Data Documentation Procedural Directive requires that NOAA data be well documented, specifies the use of ISO 19115 and related standards for documentation of new data, and provides links to resources and tools for metadata creation and validation.

6.1. Does metadata comply with EDMC Data Documentation directive? 
No

6.1.1. If metadata are non-existent or non-compliant, please explain:  
Missing/invalid information: 
- 1.7. Data collection method(s)

6.2. Name of organization or facility providing metadata hosting:
NMFS Office of Science and Technology

6.2.1. If service is needed for metadata hosting, please indicate:

6.3. URL of metadata folder or data catalog, if known:
https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/inport/item/18020

6.4. Process for producing and maintaining metadata 
(describe or provide URL of description):
7. Data Access
NAO 212-15 states that access to environmental data may only be restricted when distribution is explicitly limited by law, regulation, policy (such as those applicable to personally identifiable information or protected critical infrastructure information or proprietary trade information) or by security requirements. The EDMC Data Access Procedural Directive contains specific guidance, recommends the use of open-standard, interoperable, non-proprietary web services, provides information about resources and tools to enable data access, and includes a Waiver to be submitted to justify any approach other than full, unrestricted public access.

7.1. Do these data comply with the Data Access directive?
Yes

7.1.1. If the data are not to be made available to the public at all, or with limitations, has a Waiver (Appendix A of Data Access directive) been filed?

7.1.2. If there are limitations to public data access, describe how data are protected from unauthorized access or disclosure:

7.2. Name of organization of facility providing data access:
Northwest Fisheries Science Center (NWFSC)

7.2.1. If data hosting service is needed, please indicate:
No

7.2.2. URL of data access service, if known:
https://www.webapps.nwfsc.noaa.gov/apex/parr/comparative_bacterial_and_archaeal_gastrointestinal_abundances_from_sablefish_on_different_diets/data/page/
https://www.webapps.nwfsc.noaa.gov/apex/parrdata/inventory/tables/table/comparative_bacterial_and_archaeal_gastrointestinal_abundances_from_sablefish_on_different_diets

7.3. Data access methods or services offered:
Submit request by email or telephone

7.4. Approximate delay between data collection and dissemination:
0 days

7.4.1. If delay is longer than latency of automated processing, indicate under what authority data access is delayed:
No Delay

8. Data Preservation and Protection
The NOAA Procedure for Scientific Records Appraisal and Archive Approval describes how to identify, appraise and decide what scientific records are to be preserved in a NOAA archive.
8.1. Actual or planned long-term data archive location:
(Specify NCEI-MD, NCEI-CO, NCEI-NC, NCEI-MS, World Data Center (WDC) facility, Other, To Be Determined, Unable to Archive, or No Archiving Intended)

NO_ARCHIVING_INTENDED

8.1.1. If World Data Center or Other, specify:

8.1.2. If To Be Determined, Unable to Archive or No Archiving Intended, explain:

8.2. Data storage facility prior to being sent to an archive facility (if any):
Northwest Fisheries Science Center - Seattle, WA

8.3. Approximate delay between data collection and submission to an archive facility:
365

8.4. How will the data be protected from accidental or malicious modification or deletion prior to receipt by the archive?
Discuss data back-up, disaster recovery/contingency planning, and off-site data storage relevant to the data collection

The Northwest Fisheries Science Center facilitates backup and recovery of all data and IT components which are managed by IT Operations through the capture of static (point-in-time) backup data to physical media. Once data is captured to physical media (every 1-3 days), a duplicate is made and routinely (weekly) transported to an offsite archive facility where it is maintained throughout the data's applicable life-cycle.

9. Additional Line Office or Staff Office Questions
Line and Staff Offices may extend this template by inserting additional questions in this section.