Please provide the following information, and submit to the NOAA DM Plan Repository.

Reference to Master DM Plan (if applicable)

As stated in Section IV, Requirement 1.3, DM Plans may be hierarchical. If this DM Plan inherits provisions from a higher-level DM Plan already submitted to the Repository, then this more-specific Plan only needs to provide information that differs from what was provided in the Master DM Plan.

URL of higher-level DM Plan (if any) as submitted to DM Plan Repository:

1. General Description of Data to be Managed

1.1. Name of the Data, data collection Project, or data-producing Program:
   2014 NJMC Lidar: Hackensack Meadowlands

1.2. Summary description of the data:
   In February 2014, Quantum Spatial, Inc. (QSI) was contracted by the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission (NJMC) to collect Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) data in the spring of 2014 for the Hackensack Meadowlands site in New Jersey

   Original contact information:
   
   Contact Org: NJ Sports and Exposition Authority (NJSEA)
   Title: GIS Program Administrator
   Phone: 202-423-5089

1.3. Is this a one-time data collection, or an ongoing series of measurements?
   One-time data collection

1.4. Actual or planned temporal coverage of the data:
   2014-04-09 to 2014-04-11

1.5. Actual or planned geographic coverage of the data:
   W: -74.16425, E: -73.98958, N: 40.882356, S: 40.721566

1.6. Type(s) of data:
   (e.g., digital numeric data, imagery, photographs, video, audio, database, tabular data, etc.)

1.7. Data collection method(s):
   (e.g., satellite, airplane, unmanned aerial system, radar, weather station, moored buoy, research vessel, autonomous underwater vehicle, animal tagging, manual surveys, enforcement activities, numerical model, etc.)

1.8. If data are from a NOAA Observing System of Record, indicate name of system:
1.8.1. If data are from another observing system, please specify:

2. Point of Contact for this Data Management Plan (author or maintainer)

   2.1. Name:
       NOAA Office for Coastal Management (NOAA/OCM)

   2.2. Title:
       Metadata Contact

   2.3. Affiliation or facility:
       NOAA Office for Coastal Management (NOAA/OCM)

   2.4. E-mail address:
       coastal.info@noaa.gov

   2.5. Phone number:
       (843) 740-1202

3. Responsible Party for Data Management

   Program Managers, or their designee, shall be responsible for assuring the proper management of the data produced by their Program. Please indicate the responsible party below.

   3.1. Name:

   3.2. Title:
       Data Steward

4. Resources

   Programs must identify resources within their own budget for managing the data they produce.

   4.1. Have resources for management of these data been identified?

   4.2. Approximate percentage of the budget for these data devoted to data management (specify percentage or "unknown"):

5. Data Lineage and Quality

   NOAA has issued Information Quality Guidelines for ensuring and maximizing the quality, objectivity, utility, and integrity of information which it disseminates.

   5.1. Processing workflow of the data from collection or acquisition to making it publicly accessible
       (describe or provide URL of description):
       Process Steps:
In preparation for data collection, QSI reviewed the project area and developed a specialized flight plan to ensure complete coverage of the Hackensack Meadowlands LiDAR study area at the target point density of equal-to-less-than 8.0 points/m² (0.74 points/ft²). Acquisition parameters including orientation relative to terrain, flight altitude, pulse rate, scan angle, and ground speed were adapted in order to optimize flight paths and flight times while meeting all contract specifications. Factors such as satellite constellation availability and weather windows must be considered during the planning stage. Logistical considerations including private property access and potential air space restrictions were reviewed. Water levels and tidal conditions along the Hackensack River and surrounding Meadowlands were monitored to ensure airborne acquisition was completed during tidal periods below predicted Mean Sea Level (MSL). Any weather hazards or conditions affecting the flight were continuously monitored due to their potential impact on the daily success of airborne and ground operations.

The Hackensack Meadowlands LiDAR survey was accomplished using a Leica ALS50 phase II system mounted in a Cessna Caravan. Table 3 summarizes the settings used to yield an average pulse density of less than 8.0 pulses/m² (0.74 pulses/ft²) over the Hackensack Meadowlands project area. The Leica laser system records up to four range measurements (returns) per pulse. It is not uncommon for some types of surfaces (e.g., dense vegetation or water) to return fewer pulses to the LiDAR sensor than the laser originally emitted. The discrepancy between first return and overall delivered density will vary depending on terrain, land cover, and the prevalence of water bodies. All discernible laser returns were processed for the output dataset.

1. Resolve kinematic corrections for aircraft position data using kinematic aircraft GPS and static ground GPS data. Develop a smoothed best estimate of trajectory (SBET) file that blends post-processed aircraft position with sensor head position and attitude recorded throughout the survey. 2. Calculate laser point position by associating SBET position to each laser point return time, scan angle, intensity, etc. Create raw laser point cloud data for the entire survey in *.las (ASPRS v. 1.3) format. Convert data to orthometric elevations by applying a geoid12a correction. 3. Import raw laser points into manageable blocks (less than 500 MB) to perform manual relative accuracy calibration and filter erroneous points. Classify ground points for individual flight lines. 4. Using ground classified points per each flight line, test the relative accuracy. Perform automated line-to-line calibrations for system attitude parameters (pitch, roll, heading), mirror flex (scale) and GPS/IMU drift. Calculate calibrations on ground classified points from paired flight lines and apply results to all points in a flight line. Use every flight line for relative accuracy calibration. 5. Classify resulting data to ground and other client designated ASPRS classifications. Assess statistical absolute accuracy via direct comparisons of ground classified points to ground control survey data. 6. Generate bare earth models as triangulated surfaces. Generate highest hit models as a surface expression of all classified points. Export all surface models as ESRI GRIDs in EDRAS Imagine (.img) format at a 2.0 foot pixel resolution. 7. Correct intensity
values for variability and export intensity images as GeoTIFFs at a 2.0 foot pixel resolution.

- 2015-12-10 00:00:00 - The NOAA Office for Coastal Management (OCM) received LAS point clouds from the New Jersey Office of Information Technology in February 2015. The files contained lidar elevation and intensity measurements. The data were in New Jersey State Plane coordinates (ft) and orthometric elevations (ft). OCM performed the following processing for data storage and Digital Coast provisioning purposes: 1. LAS files were compressed to LAZ format using laszip. 2. LAS files were voided of points below -25 m and assumed to be error. 3. LAS points were converted to adjusted GPS time. 4. LAS files were transformed from New Jersey State Plane horizontal coordinates (ft) and NAVD88 orthometric vertical heights (ft) to geographic coordinates (decimal degrees) and ellipsoidal heights (meters).

5.1.1. If data at different stages of the workflow, or products derived from these data, are subject to a separate data management plan, provide reference to other plan:

5.2. Quality control procedures employed (describe or provide URL of description):

6. Data Documentation

The EDMC Data Documentation Procedural Directive requires that NOAA data be well documented, specifies the use of ISO 19115 and related standards for documentation of new data, and provides links to resources and tools for metadata creation and validation.

6.1. Does metadata comply with EDMC Data Documentation directive?  
No

6.1.1. If metadata are non-existent or non-compliant, please explain:
Missing/invalid information:
- 1.6. Type(s) of data
- 1.7. Data collection method(s)
- 3.1. Responsible Party for Data Management
- 4.1. Have resources for management of these data been identified?
- 4.2. Approximate percentage of the budget for these data devoted to data management
- 5.2. Quality control procedures employed
- 7.1. Do these data comply with the Data Access directive?
- 7.1.1. If data are not available or has limitations, has a Waiver been filed?
- 7.1.2. If there are limitations to data access, describe how data are protected
- 7.4. Approximate delay between data collection and dissemination
- 8.1. Actual or planned long-term data archive location
- 8.3. Approximate delay between data collection and submission to an archive facility
- 8.4. How will the data be protected from accidental or malicious modification or
6.2. **Name of organization or facility providing metadata hosting:**
NMFS Office of Science and Technology

6.2.1. **If service is needed for metadata hosting, please indicate:**

6.3. **URL of metadata folder or data catalog, if known:**
https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/inport/item/49864

6.4. **Process for producing and maintaining metadata**
(describe or provide URL of description):
Metadata produced and maintained in accordance with the NOAA Data Documentation Procedural Directive: https://nosc.noaa.gov/EDMC/DAARWG/docs/EDMC_PD-Data_Documentation_v1.pdf

7. **Data Access**
NAO 212-15 states that access to environmental data may only be restricted when distribution is explicitly limited by law, regulation, policy (such as those applicable to personally identifiable information or protected critical infrastructure information or proprietary trade information) or by security requirements. The EDMC Data Access Procedural Directive contains specific guidance, recommends the use of open-standard, interoperable, non-proprietary web services, provides information about resources and tools to enable data access, and includes a Waiver to be submitted to justify any approach other than full, unrestricted public access.

7.1. **Do these data comply with the Data Access directive?**

7.1.1. **If the data are not to be made available to the public at all, or with limitations, has a Waiver (Appendix A of Data Access directive) been filed?**

7.1.2. **If there are limitations to public data access, describe how data are protected from unauthorized access or disclosure:**

7.2. **Name of organization of facility providing data access:**
NOAA Office for Coastal Management (NOAA/OCM)

7.2.1. **If data hosting service is needed, please indicate:**

7.2.2. **URL of data access service, if known:**
https://coast.noaa.gov/dataviewer/#/lidar/search/where:ID=4983
https://coast.noaa.gov/htdata/lidar1_z/geoid12b/data/4983

7.3. **Data access methods or services offered:**
This data can be obtained on-line at the following
7.4. Approximate delay between data collection and dissemination:

7.4.1. If delay is longer than latency of automated processing, indicate under what authority data access is delayed:

8. Data Preservation and Protection

The NOAA Procedure for Scientific Records Appraisal and Archive Approval describes how to identify, appraise and decide what scientific records are to be preserved in a NOAA archive.

8.1. Actual or planned long-term data archive location:
(Specify NCEI-MD, NCEI-CO, NCEI-NC, NCEI-MS, World Data Center (WDC) facility, Other, To Be Determined, Unable to Archive, or No Archiving Intended)

8.1.1. If World Data Center or Other, specify:

8.1.2. If To Be Determined, Unable to Archive or No Archiving Intended, explain:

8.2. Data storage facility prior to being sent to an archive facility (if any):
Office for Coastal Management - Charleston, SC

8.3. Approximate delay between data collection and submission to an archive facility:

8.4. How will the data be protected from accidental or malicious modification or deletion prior to receipt by the archive?
Discuss data back-up, disaster recovery/contingency planning, and off-site data storage relevant to the data collection

9. Additional Line Office or Staff Office Questions
Line and Staff Offices may extend this template by inserting additional questions in this section.