

Call-in information

- For audio, call:
- For more information and FAQs, see:
www.fisheries.noaa.gov/aquaculture-opportunity-areas



NOAA
FISHERIES

Aquaculture Opportunity Areas (AOAs): Request for Information November 2020



Today's Presenters

- Kristy Beard: NOAA Fisheries Office of Aquaculture, Policy Analyst



- Dr. James Morris: NOS National Centers for Coastal Ocean Science, Marine Ecologist, Coastal Aquaculture Siting and Sustainability



NOAA
FISHERIES

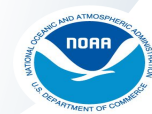
Meeting Ground Rules

This Meeting Is:

- An introduction to Aquaculture Opportunity Areas (AOAs) under E.O. 13921
- To accept oral public comments on the requested information in the Request for Information (RFI)

This Meeting Is Not:

- Question and answer session
- About any specific permit application



NOAA
FISHERIES

E.O. 13921, Section 7: Aquaculture Opportunity Areas

- The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with other appropriate Federal officials, appropriate Regional Fishery Management Councils, and in coordination with appropriate State and tribal governments, shall:
 - Within 1 year of date of E.O., identify at least two geographic areas containing locations suitable for commercial aquaculture.
 - Within 2 years of identifying each geographic area, complete a programmatic environmental impact statement (PEIS) for each to assess the impact of siting aquaculture facilities there.
 - Each of following 4 years, identify two more geographic areas and complete PEIS within 2 years.
- These geographic areas will be referred to as AOAs *once the PEIS is complete.*



NOAA
FISHERIES

Executive Order on Promoting American Seafood Competitiveness and Economic Growth

Year 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yr 5	Yr 6	Yr 7
I.D. 2 AOAs*	Complete PEIS* for each AOA					
	I.D. 2 AOAs	Complete PEIS for each AOA				
		I.D. 2 AOAs	Complete PEIS for each AOA			
			I.D. 2 AOAs	Complete PEIS for each AOA		
				I.D. 2 AOAs	Complete PEIS for each AOA	

*AOAs = Aquaculture Opportunity Areas

PEIS = Programmatic Environmental Impact Statements





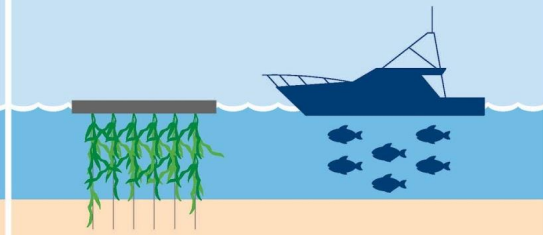
What is an Aquaculture Opportunity Area?

Aquaculture Opportunity Areas show high potential for commercial aquaculture. A science and community-based approach to identifying these areas helps minimize interference with other enterprises, account for current fishing patterns, and protect the ecosystem.

AOAs will expand economic opportunities in coastal and rural areas, and increase our nation's seafood security.

AOAs use the best available science to find appropriate spaces for sustainable aquaculture.

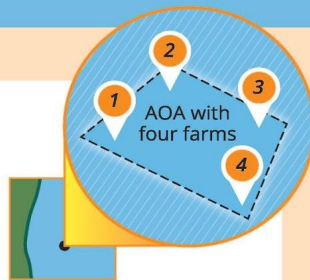
AOAs minimize interactions with other users, such as shipping, fishing, and the military.



Assessment and Use of AOAs

Stakeholder input is essential in the design and location of AOAs and NOAA expects these areas will be shaped through a public process that allows constituents to share their community and stewardship goals, as well as critical insights.

AOA size, exact location, and farm types will be determined through spatial analysis and public input to expand sustainable domestic seafood production while minimizing potential user conflicts. Farms will still need to go through the permitting process and environmental reviews.



NOAA
FISHERIES

First Two Aquaculture Opportunity Areas under Executive Order on Seafood

- Federal waters off Southern California and in the Gulf of Mexico have been selected for science-based evaluation and development of the first two AOAs.
- These selections were based on the already available spatial analysis data and current industry interest in developing sustainable aquaculture operations in the region.



Aquaculture Opportunity Areas Year 1 Steps

August 2020



May 2021

What:

Announced Gulf of Mexico and Southern CA as first two regions to look for AOAs

NCCOS data collection for siting analysis

Continued outreach – introduce AOA concept

Public Notice: request input on siting in 2 initial areas AND national to begin thinking about where to focus for next 8

NCCOS draft “Aquaculture Opportunity Atlas”

Combine public input and results of Atlas to identify potential AOAs

Announce preliminary AOA alternatives to consider in more detail in PEIS



**NOAA
FISHERIES**

Public Process for AOA

- Request for information
 - May be used in NEPA PEIS process, e.g. to develop preliminary alternatives
 - Used to determine future AOA efforts
- Notice of Intent to prepare a PEIS
- Draft PEIS



NEPA: National Environmental Policy Act
PEIS: Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement



NOAA
FISHERIES

Aquaculture in AOA

- After 3-year process to identify and complete PEIS for each AOA, proposals for operations in AOA
- Aquaculture not required to be in AOA
- The identification of AOA would not prohibit other legal activities



NOAA
FISHERIES

Permitting Still Required for AOAs

- The federal and state permitting and authorization requirements are the same within AOAs as anywhere else.
 - Aquaculture operations proposed within an AOA would be required to comply with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations (e.g., Clean Water Act, Rivers and Harbors Act, Endangered Species Act [ESA], essential fish habitat under the Magnuson-Stevens Act, Marine Mammal Protection Act).
- Potential impacts to protected species and habitats will be considered at multiple points in the process.
- Coordination with permitting agencies throughout AOA process; include information in PEIS to help inform future permitting needs

Benefit of AOAs

- Identifying areas and completing a PEIS for each AOA will help maximize compatibility of AOAs with other ocean uses
- Background siting and environmental analysis already done; outside AOA applicant still needs that info

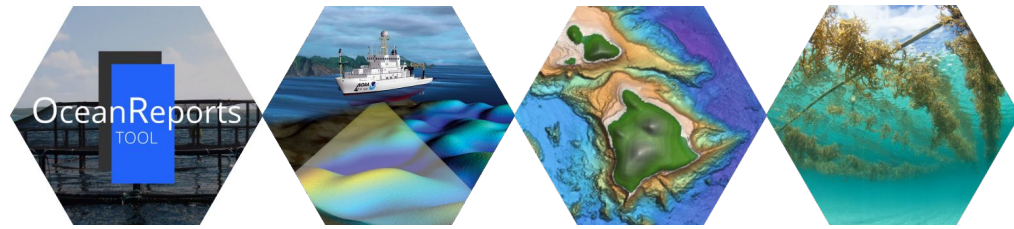


Key Takeaways & Common Questions

- The selection of federal waters of the Gulf and southern California **does not** mean the entire regions are AOAs.
- AOAs are about spatial analysis and environmental planning. They are not regulatory; NMFS is not permitting or authorizing aquaculture through AOAs.
- The federal and state permitting and authorization requirements are the same within AOAs as anywhere else.
- The identification of AOAs would not prohibit other legal activities from occurring within AOAs.
- AOAs are not related to any specific permit application.



NOAA
FISHERIES

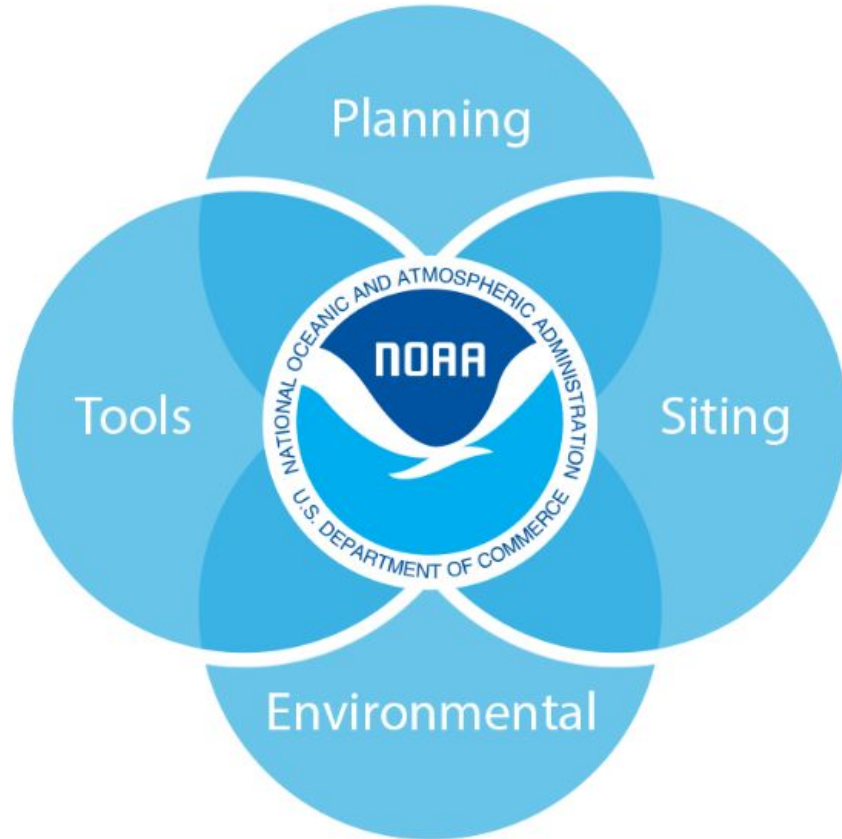


Spatial Planning for Aquaculture Opportunity Areas

Marine Spatial Ecology Division
National Centers for Coastal Ocean Science
National Ocean Service
NOAA

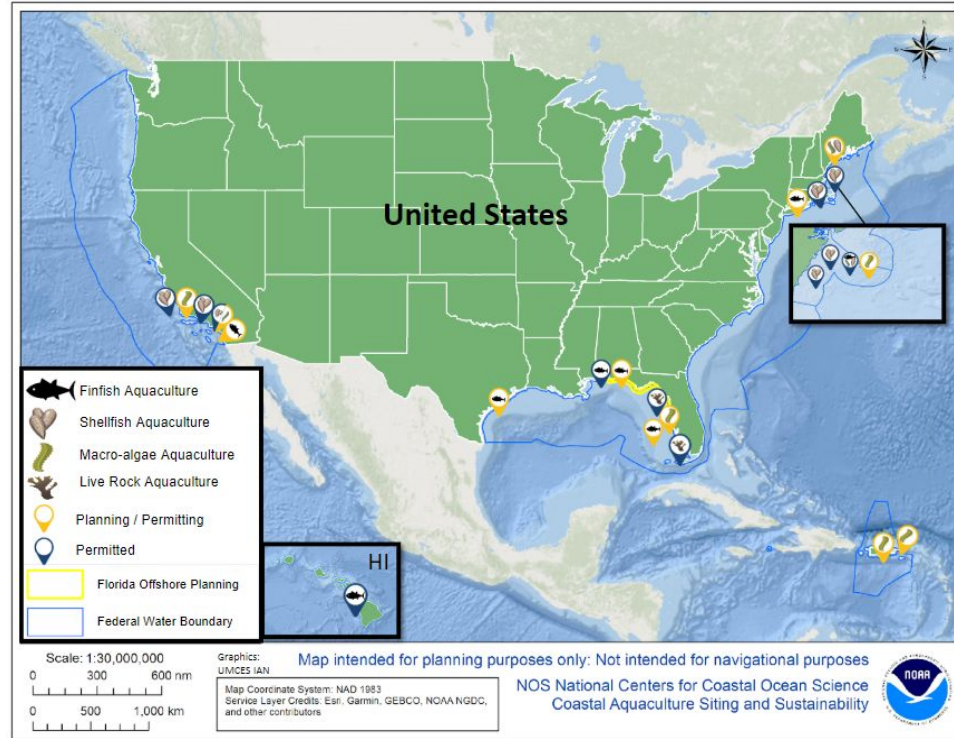
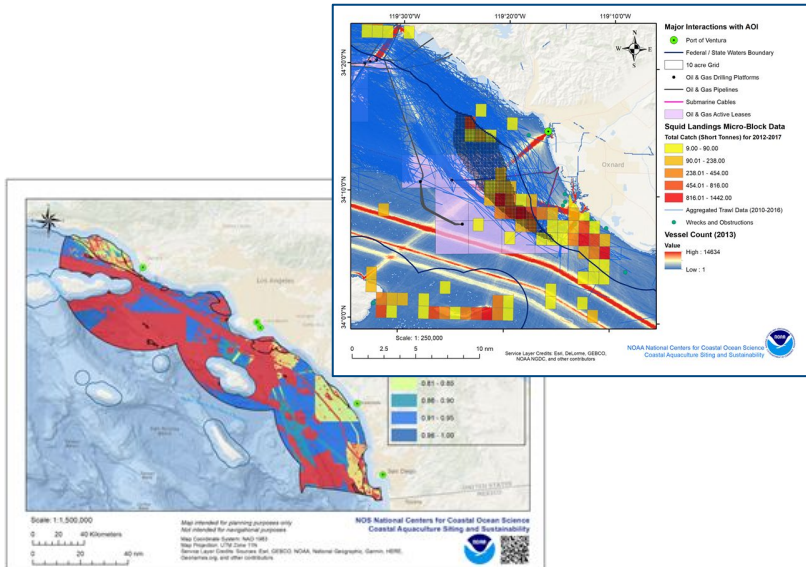


The Ocean Service AquaPortfolio



Planning/Siting Science

- Aquaculture Opportunity Areas
- State-designated aquaculture use areas
- Spatial planning for Ports/Harbors
- Dozens of projects around the U.S.



Coastal Manager Support

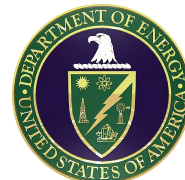
Our services inform our science and our science improves our services.

Types of support

- Spatial planning
- Environmental modeling
- Environmental science advice
- Engineering review



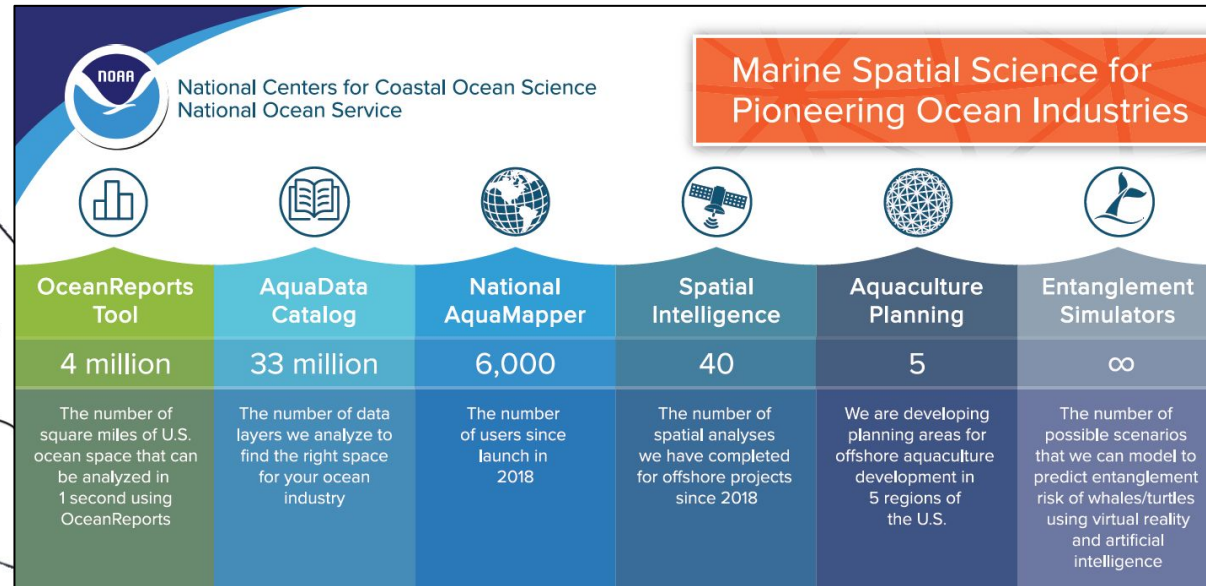
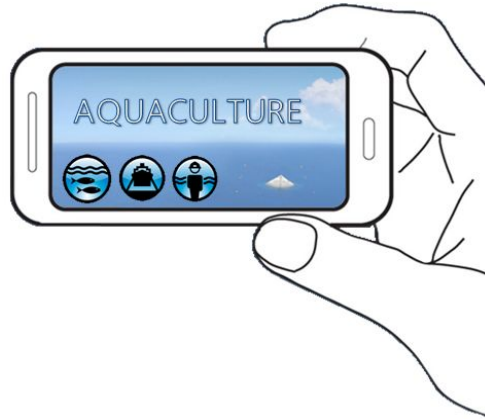
Customers - All federal and state agencies



US Army Corps of Engineers®

Tools and Technology

- AquaData Catalog
- OceanReports
- National AquaMapper
- Wave Exposure Model
- Entanglement Simulators
- Environmental Models



Big AquaData



AquaData
Catalog

33 million

The number of data
layers we analyze to
find the right space
for your ocean
industry



Spatial Planning for Aquaculture Opportunity Areas

What are the planning requirements?



What are the boundaries?

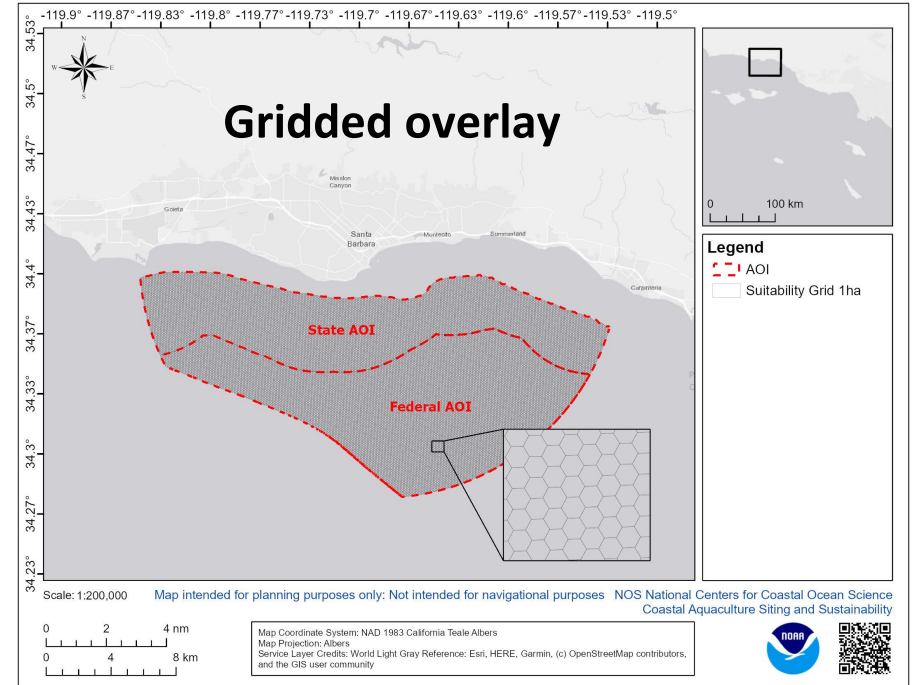
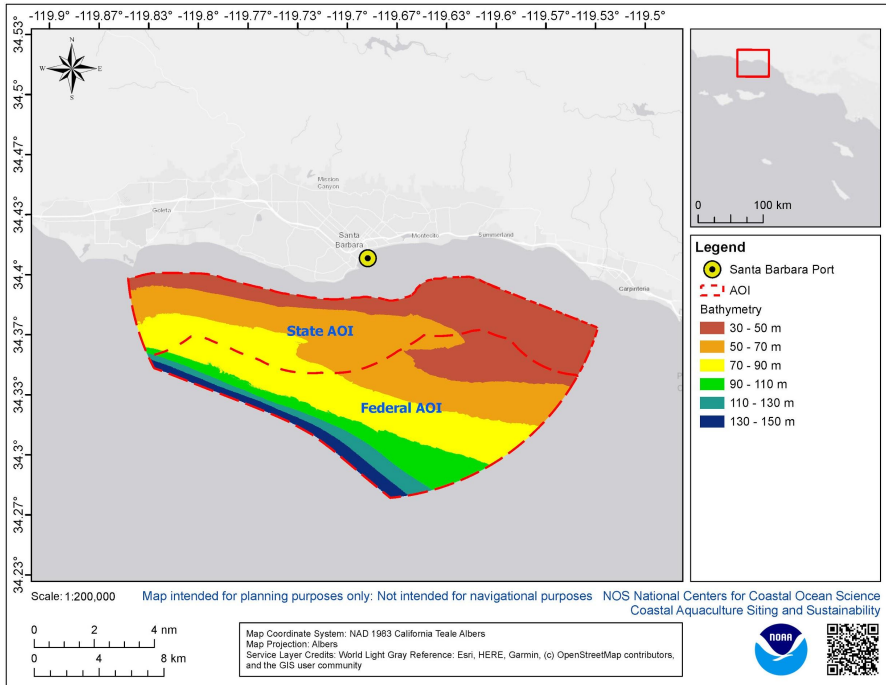
Type of aquaculture?

Environmental requirements?

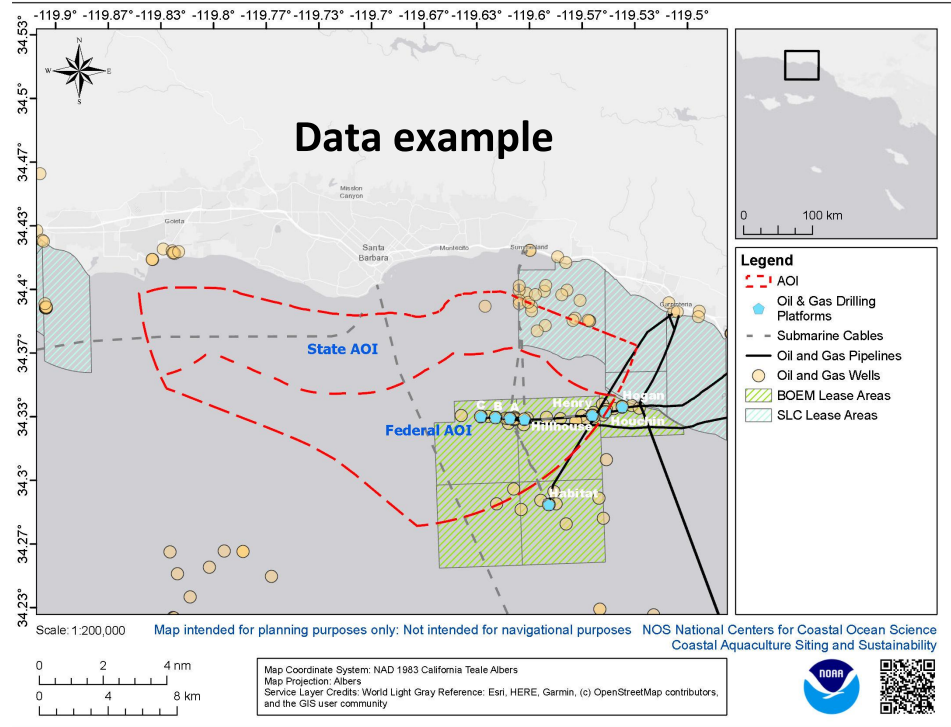
Maximum distance to shore/port?

Requirement	
Preferred port	Santa Barbara
Federal/State waters	Federal or State Waters
Selected culture species	Giant Kelp (<i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i>)
Farm Footprint Size	33 acres (~54 ha)*
Maximum distance from port	≤ 8 nm
Gear depth requirements	≥ 30 and ≤ 150 m
Seawater temperature	< 20 °C
Current Velocity	< 1.02 m/s
Significant wave height	< 4 m

Determine the study area



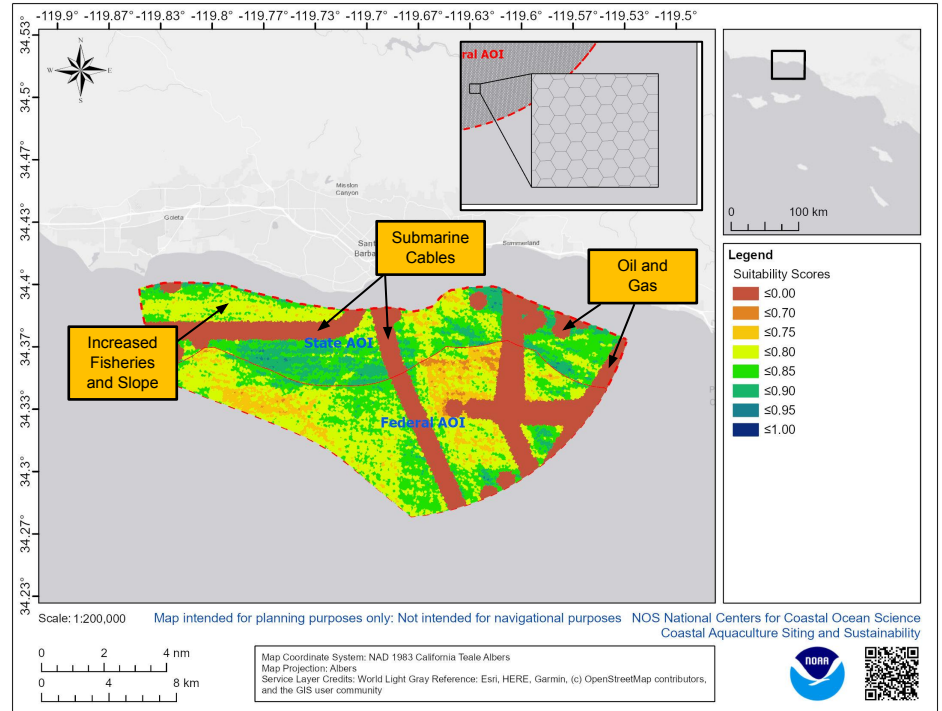
Compile geodatabase



Build a suitability model

A **suitability model** is a **model** that weights locations relative to each other based on given criteria. **Suitability models** aid in finding a favorable location for a new facility, road, or habitat for a species of bird.

Data Layer	Score
Danger and Restricted Zones	0.5
Deep Sea Corals (200 m buffer)	0.5
Habitat Area of Particular Concern	0.5
Halibut Trawl Ground	0.5
Hard Bottom Habitat	0
Marine Protected Areas & Preserves	0.5
Offshore Oil and Gas Leases	0.5
Oil and Gas Pipelines (500 m buffer)	0
Oil and Gas Wells (500 m buffer)	0
Shipwrecks & Obstructions (500 m buffer)	0
Squid Landings by micro-block	0.5
Submarine Cables (500 m buffer)	0
Unexploded Ordnance FUDS**	0.5
Wastewater Discharge (500 m buffer)	0



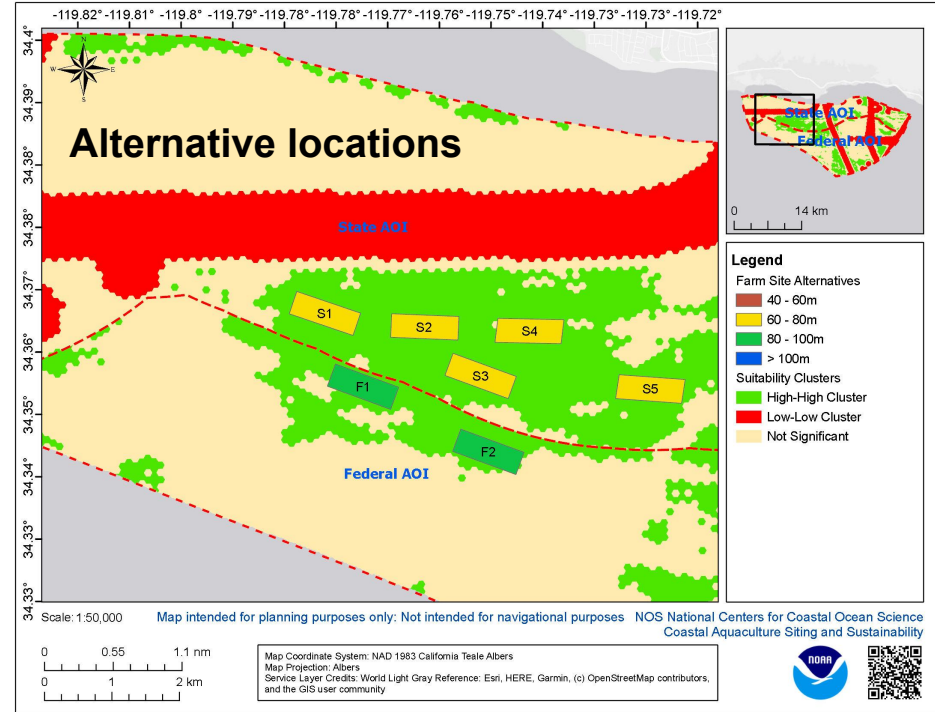
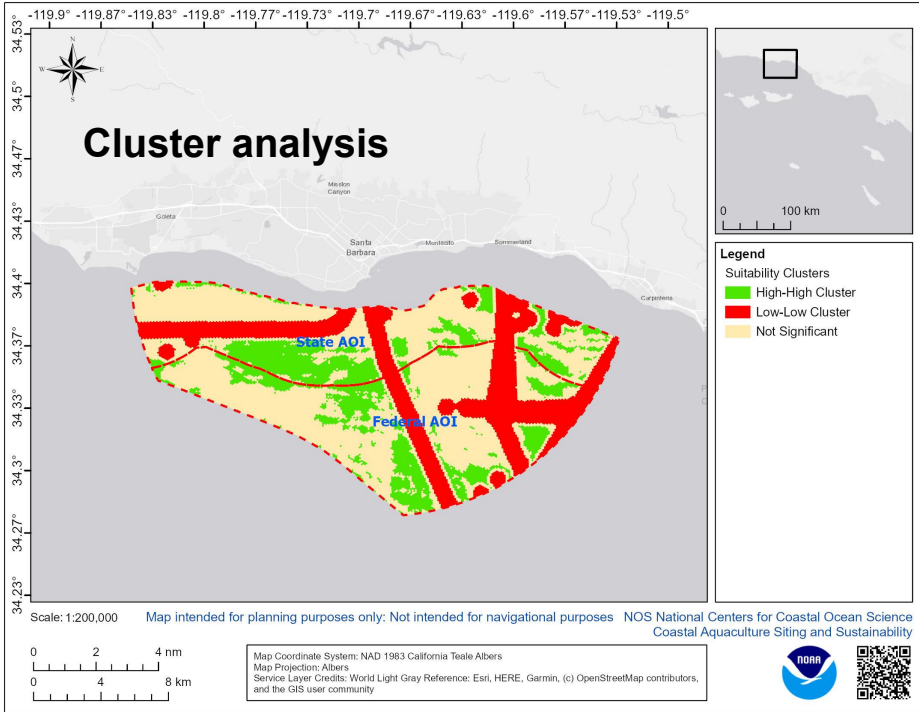
Data scoring

0 = not compatible

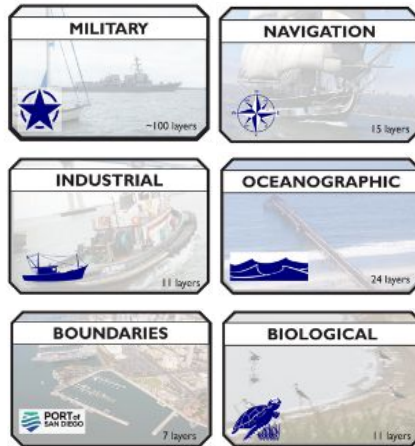
0.5 = may not compatible

1 = compatible

Locate alternatives



Characterize and rank alternative locations



Parameter	Location A	Location B	Location C	Location D
Area (Acres)	390	1630	2640	840
Mean Suitability Score	0.86	0.86	0.84	0.86
Mean Bathymetry	44	39	37	33
Mean Slope	0.30	0.43	0.71	0.47
Mean Sediment grain size	0.29	0.68	0.43	0.32
Wave Height hours	50	54	68	58
Temperature hours	3933	3924	3908	3904
Mean VMS Traffic (2009-2019)	23	24	17	12
AIS 2017 Other vessel transits per 1 ha	0.66	0.31	1.90	2.84
AIS 2017 Tug/Tow vessel transits per 1 ha	0.24	0.11	0.33	0.45
AIS 2017 Tanker vessel transits per 1 ha	0	0	0	0
AIS 2017 Pleasure vessel transits per 1 ha	3.66	1.37	1.43	4.04
AIS 2017 Passenger vessel transits per 1 ha	1.03	5.50	3.66	0.57
AIS 2017 Cargo vessel transits per 1 ha	0	0	0	0
AIS 2017 Fishing vessel transits per 1 ha	0.43	1.21	2.38	0.50
Closest Port	Rye Harbor	Hampton Harbor	Newburyport	Newburyport
EPA Region	1	1	1	1
Coast Guard District	1	1	1	1
US Army Corps of Engineers District	New England	New England	New England	New England
Unexploded Ordnance	Yes	No	No	No

EXAMPLE

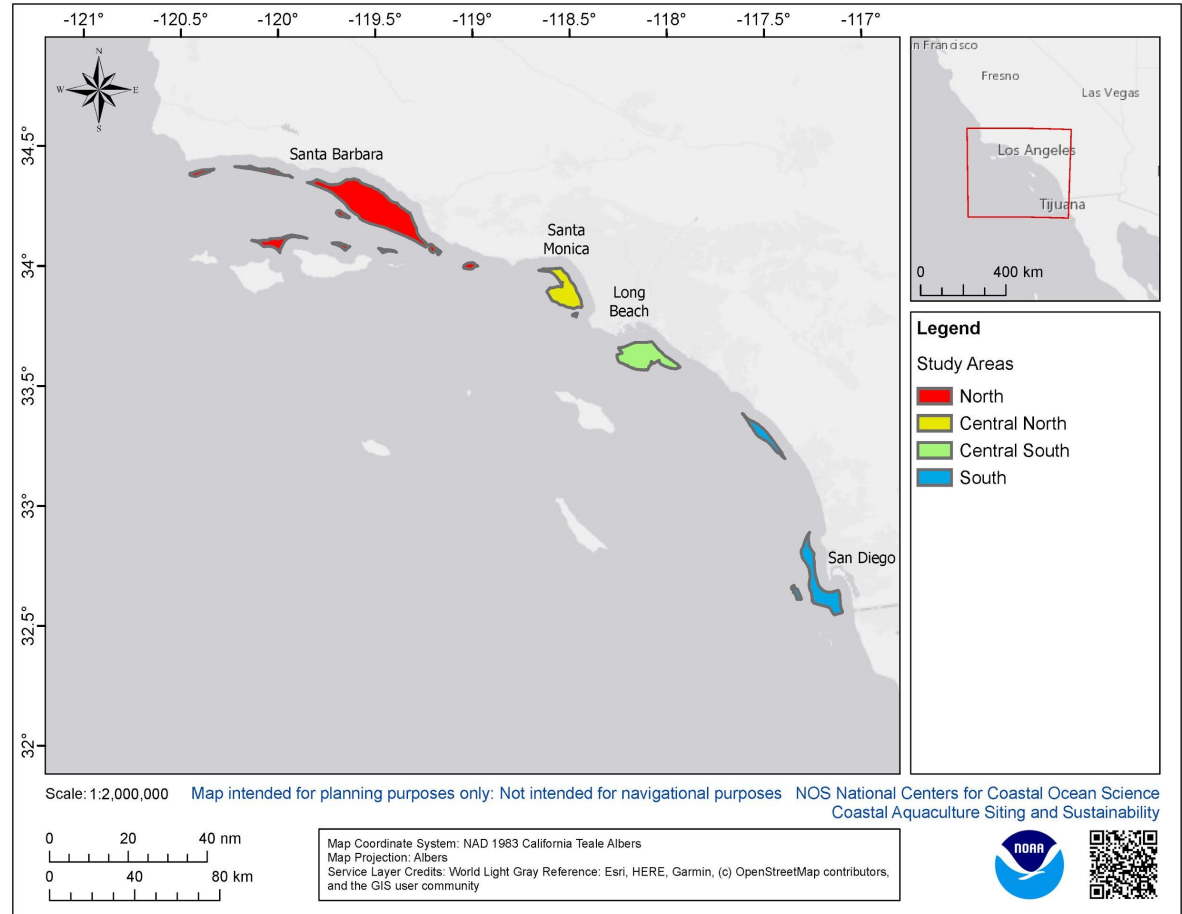
Develop the atlas



Southern California

Study area criteria:

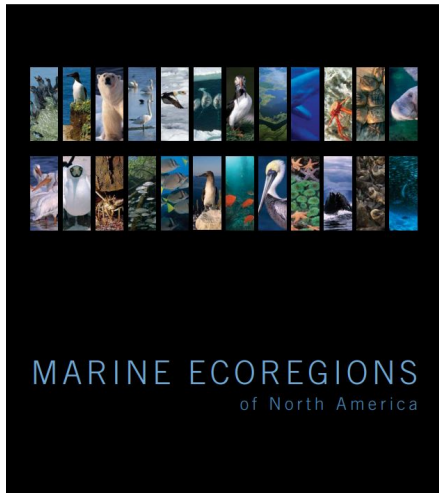
- USA Federal Waters (EEZ)
- Depth = 10 - 150 m
- Distance from shore = 25 nm maximum



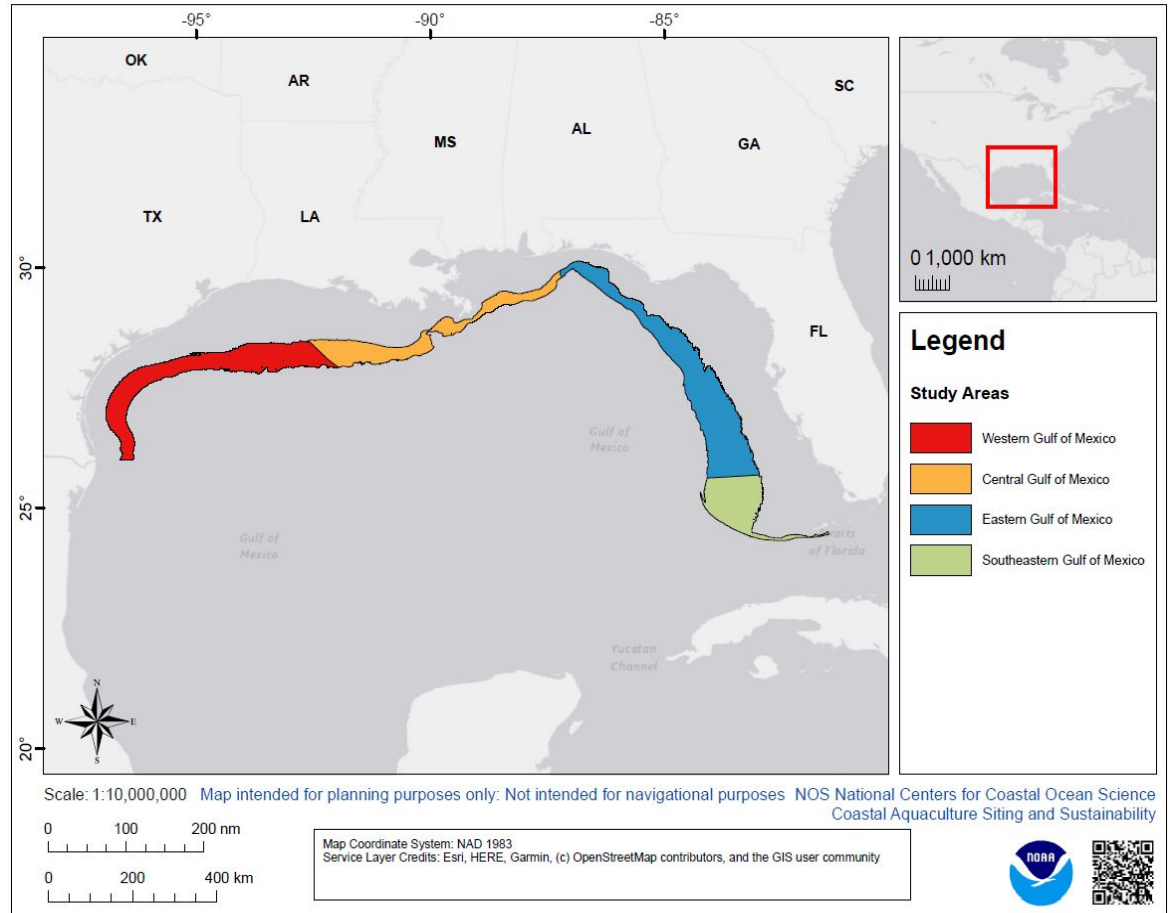
Gulf of Mexico

Study area criteria:

- USA Federal Waters (EEZ)
- Depth = 50 - 150 m
- Eco-regions (Wilkerson et al. 2009)



Publisher: Commission for Environmental Cooperation (Canada)



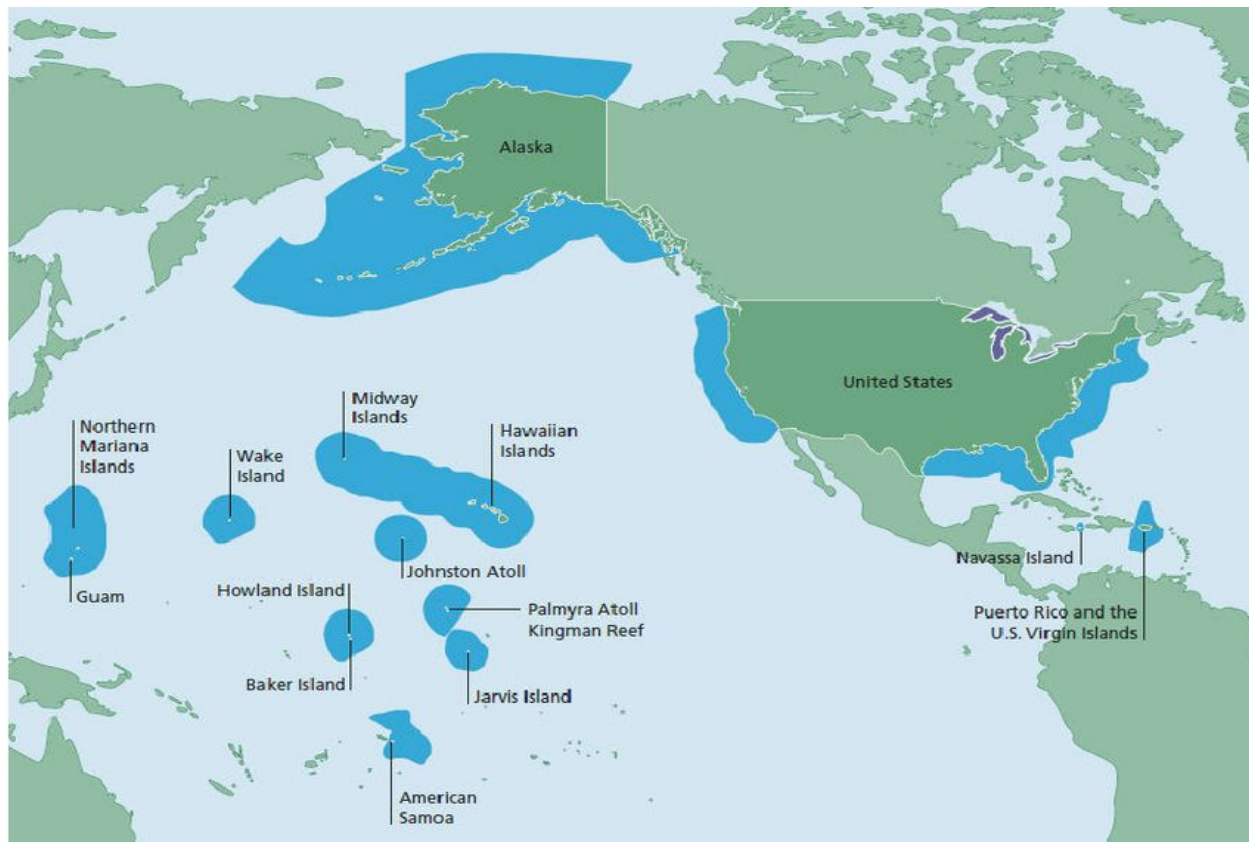
Request for Information

- Questions to inform the identification of the first two AOAs
 - Gulf of Mexico
 - Southern California
- Questions to inform locations for future AOAs, nationally
- **RFI can be found at www.regulations.gov by searching for NOAA-NMFS-2020-0118**



NOAA
FISHERIES

Regions for Future AOA's?



NOAA
FISHERIES

National: Future AOAs

- Are there specific locations within those regions that should be considered for future AOAs?
- What resource use conflicts should we consider as we identify future AOAs?
- Is there ongoing environmental, economic, or social science research that would assist in the identification and implementation of future AOAs?



NOAA
FISHERIES

National: Future AOAs

- Please provide information on siting requirements for aquaculture operations to inform spatial analysis for future AOAs:
 - Minimum and maximum depth needed to operate aquaculture farms.
 - Minimum and maximum current conditions that could impact farm operation.
 - Minimum and maximum wave climate that could impact farm operation.
 - Proximity to shore.
- If states express interest, should we also consider state waters as areas for future AOAs?



NOAA
FISHERIES

Gulf of Mexico and Southern California

- In the Gulf of Mexico, we are looking at areas that:
 - Are within the depth range of 50 to 150 meters.
 - Do not have a specified maximum distance from shore.
- In Southern California, we are looking at areas that:
 - Are within the depth range of 10 to 150 meters.
 - Are a maximum distance of 25 nautical miles from shore.

Are there types of aquaculture that these areas may or may not support, or are there other water depths and maximum distances from shore that should be considered, and why?

Gulf of Mexico and Southern California

- Are there specific locations or habitats within Federal waters of the Gulf of Mexico or Southern California
 - that should be considered for AOAs? Are there specific locations that should be avoided?
 - where the presence of aquaculture gear may overlap with areas utilized by protected species (*e.g.*, large whales, sea turtles, dolphins, *etc.*)?
 - that should be avoided because of concerns about harmful algal blooms or impaired water quality?
- Is there ongoing environmental, economic, or social science research that would assist in the identification and implementation of AOAs in Federal waters of the Gulf of Mexico or Southern California?



NOAA
FISHERIES

Gulf of Mexico and Southern California

- Is there information that may be useful for AOA planning processes in Federal waters of the Gulf of Mexico and Southern California? This includes spatial data or GIS layers representing environmental and socioeconomic considerations, for:
 - Biophysical/oceanographic (wave climate, currents, bathymetry)
 - Natural resources (minerals, energy resources, fishes and aquatic organisms, protected species and habitats, coral reefs, biodiversity)
 - Social and cultural resources
 - Government boundaries
 - Industry (fishing, energy production, transportation, communication cables)
 - Military
 - Navigation



NOAA
FISHERIES

Public Comment Session

- Press *1 to join queue
- 2-minute limit per comment
- Warning slide when 15 seconds remain. **Operator will mute you after 2 minutes**
- To maximize time to gather comments NOAA will not respond to comments
- We are only accepting comments on the questions asked in the Request for Information on AOAs
- If there is time you can rejoin queue



NOAA
FISHERIES

What's Next?

- Public comment ends on December 22, 2020
- Provide written comments at:
 - www.regulations.gov
 - Search for NOAA-NMFS-2020-0118
 - Click the “Comment Now!” icon
 - Complete the required fields and enter or attach your comments



NOAA
FISHERIES